



Multi-Cure[®] 9-20557-LV Flexible, Light-Cure Conformal Coating

APPLICATIONS

- Conformal Coating

FEATURES

- UV/Visible Light Cure
- Secondary Heat Cure
- Solvent Free
- One Part, No Mixing or Dilution Required
- Flexible for Enhanced Thermal Shock Performance

OTHER FEATURES

- MIL-I-46058C Listed
- IPC-CC-830-B Approved
- Blue Fluorescing
- Halogen-Free

Dymax Multi-Cure[®] 9-20557-LV cures upon exposure to light and is designed for rapid conformal coating of printed circuit boards and other electronic assemblies. The low elastic modulus of 9-20557-LV allows it to excel in coating applications where thermal shock performance is critical. Dymax 9-20557-LV is a Multi-Cure[®] material specially formulated to cure with heat in applications where shadow areas exist. Dymax Multi-Cure[®] materials contain no nonreactive solvents and cure upon exposure to light. Their ability to cure in seconds enables faster processing, greater output, and lower processing costs. When cured with Dymax light-curing spot lamps, focused-beam lamps, or flood lamps, they deliver optimum speed and performance for conformal coating. Dymax lamps offer the ideal balance of UV and visible light for the fastest, deepest cures. This product is in full compliance with RoHS directives 2015/863/EU.

UNCURED PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Solvent Content	No Nonreactive Solvents	N/A
Chemical Class	Acrylated Urethane	N/A
Appearance	Colorless Transparent Liquid	N/A
Soluble in	Organic Solvents	N/A
Density, g/ml	1.02	ASTM D1875
Viscosity, cP (20 rpm)	850	ASTM D1084
Shelf Life @RT (22°C to 25°C) from Date of Manufacture	18 months	N/A

ADHESION	
Substrate	Recommendation
Lead Frame	✓
Ceramic	✓
PCB	✓
Flex	✓
Silicon	✓

✓ Recommended o Limited Applications
st Requires Surface Treatment (e.g. plasma, corona treatment, etc.)

CURED MECHANICAL PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Durometer Hardness	D70	ASTM D2240
Tensile at Break, MPa [psi]	21.7 [3,150]	ASTM D638
Elongation at Break, %	100	ASTM D638
Modulus of Elasticity, MPa [psi]	310 [45,000]	ASTM D638
Glass Transition T _g , °C	70	ASTM D5418
CTE _{α1} , μm/m/°C	89	ASTM E831
CTE _{α2} , μm/m/°C	220	ASTM E831

ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Dielectric Constant (1 MHz)	4.46	ASTM D150
Dissipation Factor (1 MHz)	0.03	ASTM D150
Dielectric Withstand Voltage, V	>1,500	MIL-I-46058C
Volume Resistivity, ohm-cm	2.83x10 ¹⁵	ASTM D257
Surface Resistivity, ohms	9.12x10 ¹⁴	ASTM D257

* Not Specifications





OTHER CURED PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Refractive Index (20° C)	1.49	ASTM D542
Boiling Water Absorption, % (2 hr)	3.1	ASTM D570
Water Absorption, % (25°C, 24 hr)	1.0	ASTM D570
Linear Shrinkage, %	0.3	ASTM D2566
Thermal Shock, -65°C to 125°C	50 cycles	MIL-I-46058C
Moisture Resistance	Passes	MIL-I-46058C
Fungus Resistance (ASTM G21-13)	Passes	MIL-I-46058C

CURING GUIDELINES

UV-curing guidelines for 9-20557 at 0.003 in (0.076 mm)

Dymax Curing System (Intensity)	Fixture Time or Belt Speed ^A
5000-EC (225 mW/cm ²) ^A	20 s
UVCS Conveyor with Fusion D lamp (2.5 W/cm ²) ^B	3.0 m/min [10 ft/min]
UVCS Conveyor with one 5000-EC (250 mW/cm ²) ^B	1.0 m/min [3 ft/min]

^A Intensity was measured over the UVA range (320-395 nm) using a Dymax ACCU-CAL™ 50 Radiometer.

^B Intensity was measured over the UVA range (320-395 nm) using a Dymax ACCU-CAL™ 160 Radiometer.

SECONDARY HEAT CURE

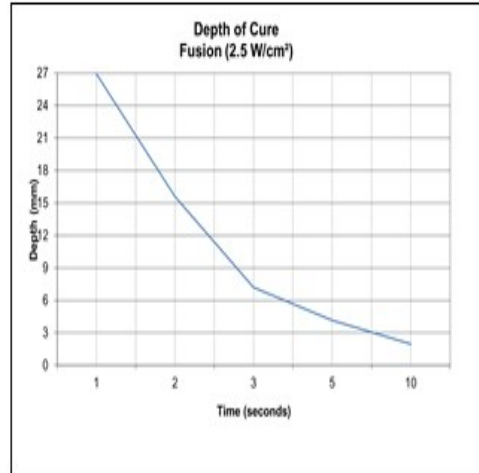
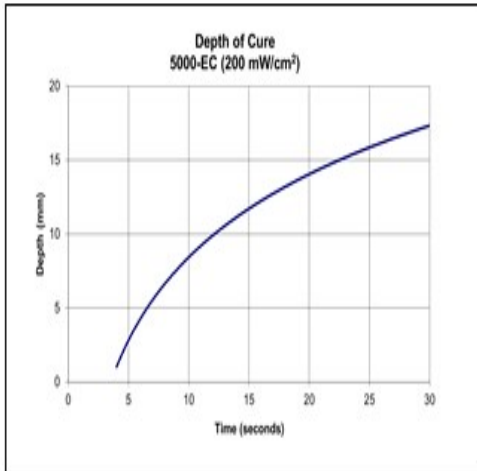
Heat can be used as a secondary cure mechanism where the adhesive cannot be cured with light. Light curing must be done prior to heat cure. The following heat-cure schedule may be used:

Temperature	Time*
110°C [230°F]	60 minutes
120°C [250°F]	30 minutes
150°C [300°F]	15 minutes

*Note: Actual heat cure time may vary due to part configuration, volume of adhesive applied, and oven efficiency.

DEPTH OF CURE

The graphs below show the increase in depth of cure as a function of exposure time with two different lamps at different intensities. A 9.5 mm [0.37 in] diameter specimen was cured in a polypropylene mold and cooled to room temperature. It was then released from the mold and the cure depth was measured.



OPTIMIZING PERFORMANCE AND HANDLING

1. This product cures with exposure to UV and visible light. Exposure to ambient and artificial light should be kept to a minimum before curing. Dispensing components including needles and fluid lines should be 100% light blocking, not just UV blocking.
2. All surfaces in contact with the material should be clean and free from flux residue, grease, mold release, or other contaminants prior to dispensing the material.
3. Cure speed is dependent upon many variables, including lamp intensity, distance from the light source, required depth of cure, thickness, and percent light transmission of components between the material and light source.
4. Oxygen in the atmosphere may inhibit surface cure. Surfaces exposed to air may require high-intensity (>100 mW/cm²) UV light to produce a dry surface cure. Flooding the curing area with an inert gas, such as nitrogen, can also reduce the effects of oxygen inhibition.
5. Parts should be allowed to cool after cure before testing and subjecting to any loads or electrical testing.
6. In rare cases, stress cracking may occur in assembled parts. Three options may be explored to eliminate this problem. One option is to heat anneal the parts to remove molded-in stresses. A second option is to open any gap between mating parts to reduce stress caused by an interference fit. The third option is to minimize the amount of time the liquid material remains in contact with the substrate(s) prior to curing.
7. Light curing generally produces some heat. If necessary, cooling fans can be placed in the curing area to reduce the heating effect on components.
8. At the point of curing, an air exhaust system is recommended to dissipate any heat and vapors formed during the curing process.

DISPENSING THE MATERIAL

Dymax conformal coatings are typically applied via spraying. Dymax offers several dispensing systems that may be suitable for manual, semi-automated, and fully automated fluid delivery of the conformal coatings including our Model 110 mountable atomizing valve, the eco-PEN450 valve, or the SG-150-RS handheld spray gun. Non-atomized, small area, or manual touch-up applications can be achieved with options like our SD-100 syringe dispenser or the Model 400 needle valve.

Questions relating to and defining the best fluid delivery system and curing equipment for specific applications should be discussed with the Dymax Application Engineering Team.

STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Store the material in a cool, dark place when not in use. Do not expose to light. This product may polymerize upon prolonged exposure to ambient and artificial light. Keep covered when not in use. This material shelf life noted on page 1 of this document, when stored between 10°C (50°F) and 32°C (90°F) in the original, unopened container.

PERFORMANCE AFTER TEMPERATURE EXPOSURE

Dymax light-curable materials typically have a lower thermal limit of -54°C [-65°F] and an upper limit of 150°C [300°F]. Many Dymax products can withstand temperatures outside of this range for short periods of time, including typical wave solder processes and reflow profiles. Please contact Dymax Application Engineering for assistance.



ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT BOARD MATERIALS 9-20557-LV Product Data Sheet

CLEAN UP

Uncured material may be removed from dispensing components and parts with organic solvents. Cured material will be impervious to many solvents and difficult to remove. Cleanup of cured material may require mechanical methods such as ultrasonic bath, water jet, vacuum tweezers, air knife and/or warming to aid in the removal.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is intended for industrial use only. Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear impervious gloves. Repeated or continuous skin contact with uncured material may cause irritation. Remove material from skin with soap and water. Never use organic solvents to remove material from skin and eyes. For more information on the safe handling of this material, please refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

The data provided in this document are based on historical testing that Dymax performed under laboratory conditions as they existed at that time and are for informational purposes only. The data are neither specifications nor guarantees of future performance in a particular application. Dymax does not guarantee that this product's properties are suitable for the user's intended purpose.

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CONTACT DYMAX

www.dymax.com

Americas

USA | +1.860.482.1010 | info@dymax.com

Europe

Germany | +49 611.962.7900 | info_de@dymax.com

Ireland | +353 21.237.3016 | info_ie@dymax.com

Asia

Singapore | +65.67522887 | info_ap@dymax.com

Shanghai | +86.21.37285759 | dymaxasia@dymax.com

Shenzhen | +86.755.83485759 | dymaxasia@dymax.com

Hong Kong | +852.2460.7038 | dymaxasia@dymax.com

Korea | +82.31.608.3434 | info_kr@dymax.com